

Centre No.						Paper Reference					Surname	Initial(s)		
Candidate No.						1	3	8	0	/	3	H	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

1380/3H

Edexcel GCSE

Mathematics (Linear) – 1380

Paper 3 (Non-Calculator)

Higher Tier

Thursday 5 November 2009 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 45 minutes

Examiner's use only

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Team Leader's use only

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Materials required for examination

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.
Tracing paper may be used.

Items included with question papers

Nil

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.

You must NOT write on the formulae page.

Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

If you need more space to complete your answer to any question, use additional answer sheets.

Information for Candidates

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 25 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 100.

There are 24 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Calculators must not be used.

Advice to Candidates

Show all stages in any calculations.

Work steadily through the paper. Do not spend too long on one question.

If you cannot answer a question, leave it and attempt the next one.

Return at the end to those you have left out.

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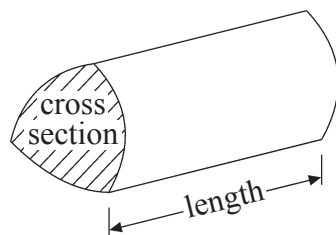
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GCSE Mathematics (Linear) 1380

Formulae: Higher Tier

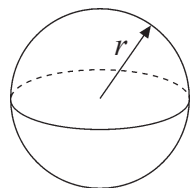
You must not write on this formulae page.
Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.

Volume of a prism = area of cross section \times length



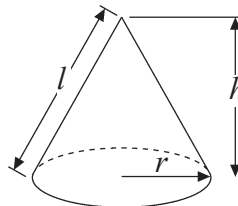
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

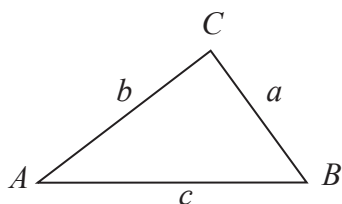


Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$



In any triangle ABC



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$
where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Sine Rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$



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Answer ALL TWENTY FIVE questions.
Write your answers in the spaces provided.
You must write down all stages in your working.
You must NOT use a calculator.

1. Using the information that

$$74 \times 234 = 17316$$

write down the value of

(a) 740×234

.....
(1)

(b) 74×2.34

.....
(1)

(Total 2 marks)

Q1

2. Work out an estimate for the value of $\frac{31 \times 4.92}{0.21}$

.....
(Total 3 marks)

Q2



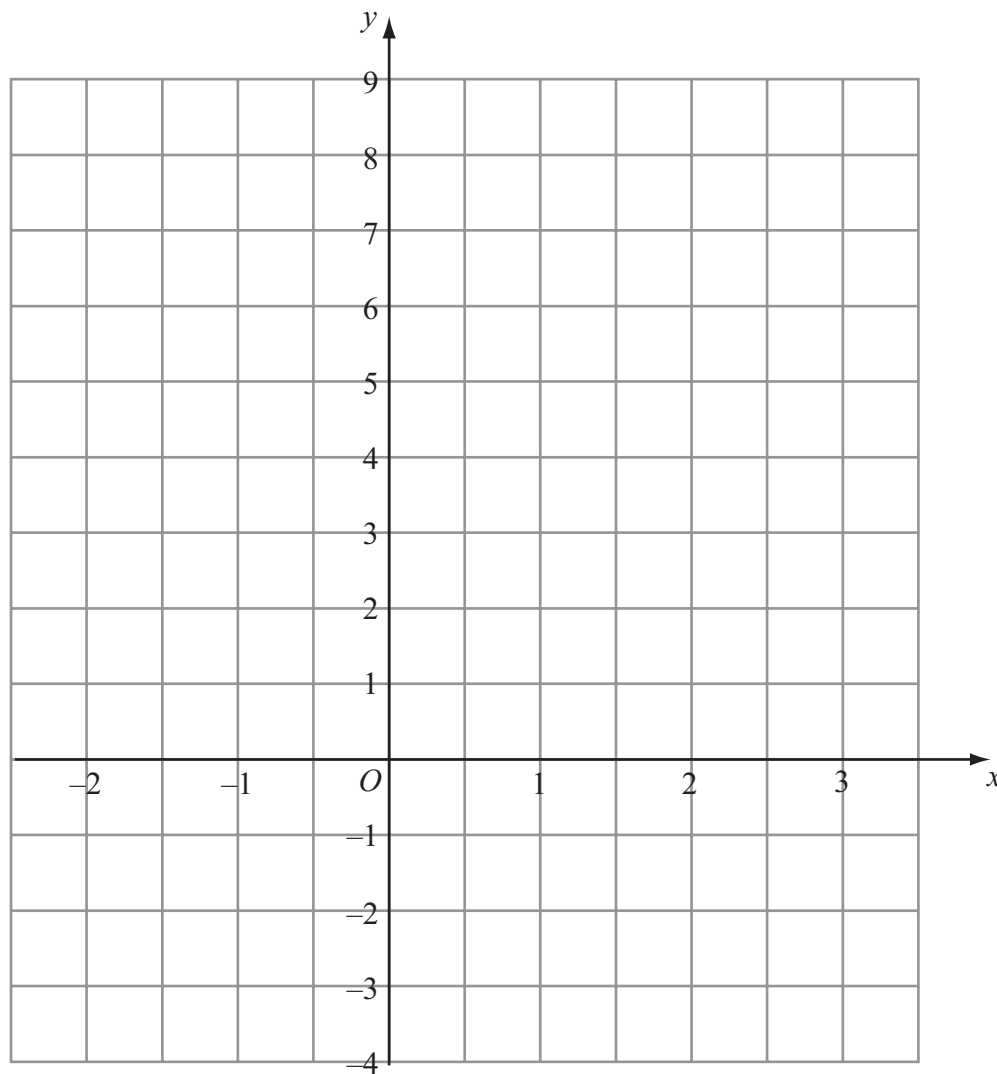
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3. (a) Complete the table of values for $y = 2x + 2$

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y		0	2			

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 2x + 2$



(2)

(c) Use your graph to find

(i) the value of y when $x = -1.5$

$y = \dots\dots\dots$

(ii) the value of x when $y = 7$

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

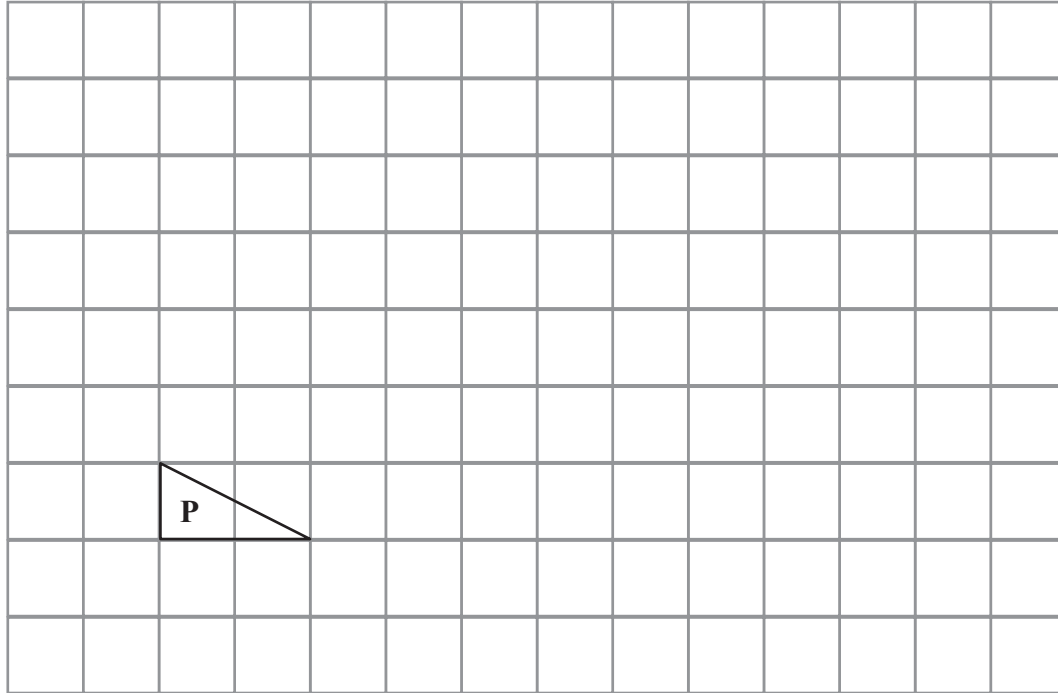
(2)

(Total 6 marks)

Q3



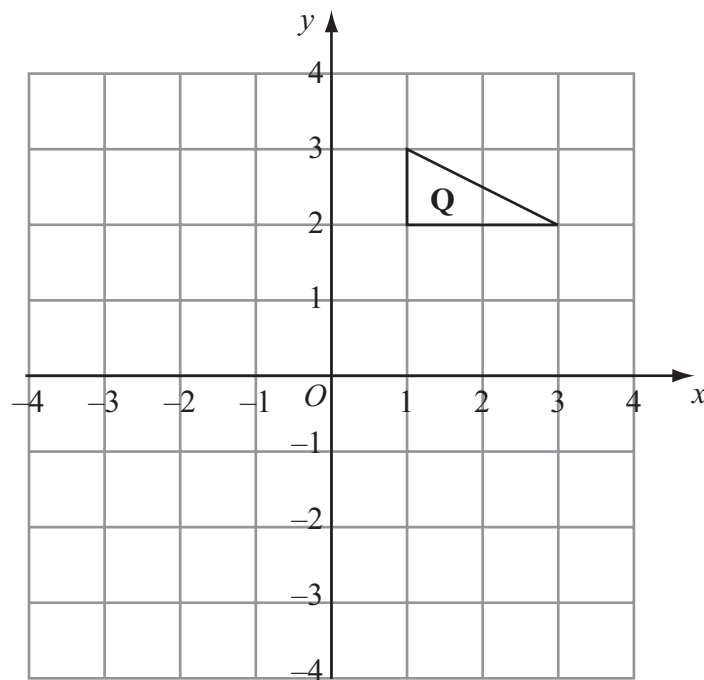
4.



Triangle **P** has been drawn on a grid.

(a) On the grid, draw an enlargement of the triangle **P** with scale factor 3

(2)



Triangle **Q** has been drawn on a grid.

(b) On the grid, rotate triangle **Q** 90° clockwise, centre O .

(3)

Q4

(Total 5 marks)

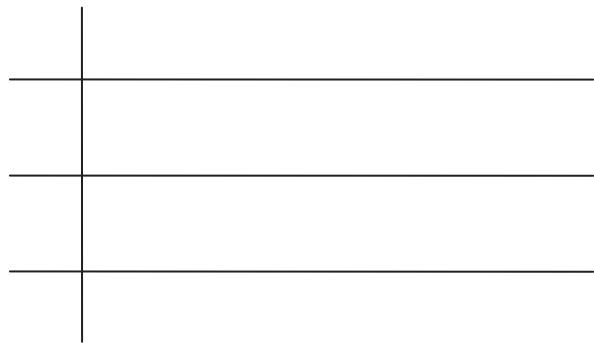


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5. Here are the weights in grams, to the nearest gram, of 15 eggs.

33	46	41	54	51
38	60	44	55	51
62	55	52	37	63

(a) Complete the ordered stem and leaf diagram to show this information.
You must include a key.



Key

(3)

Meg is going to pick at random one of the eggs.

(b) Work out the probability that this egg will have a weight of more than 45 grams.

.....
(2)

Q5

(Total 5 marks)

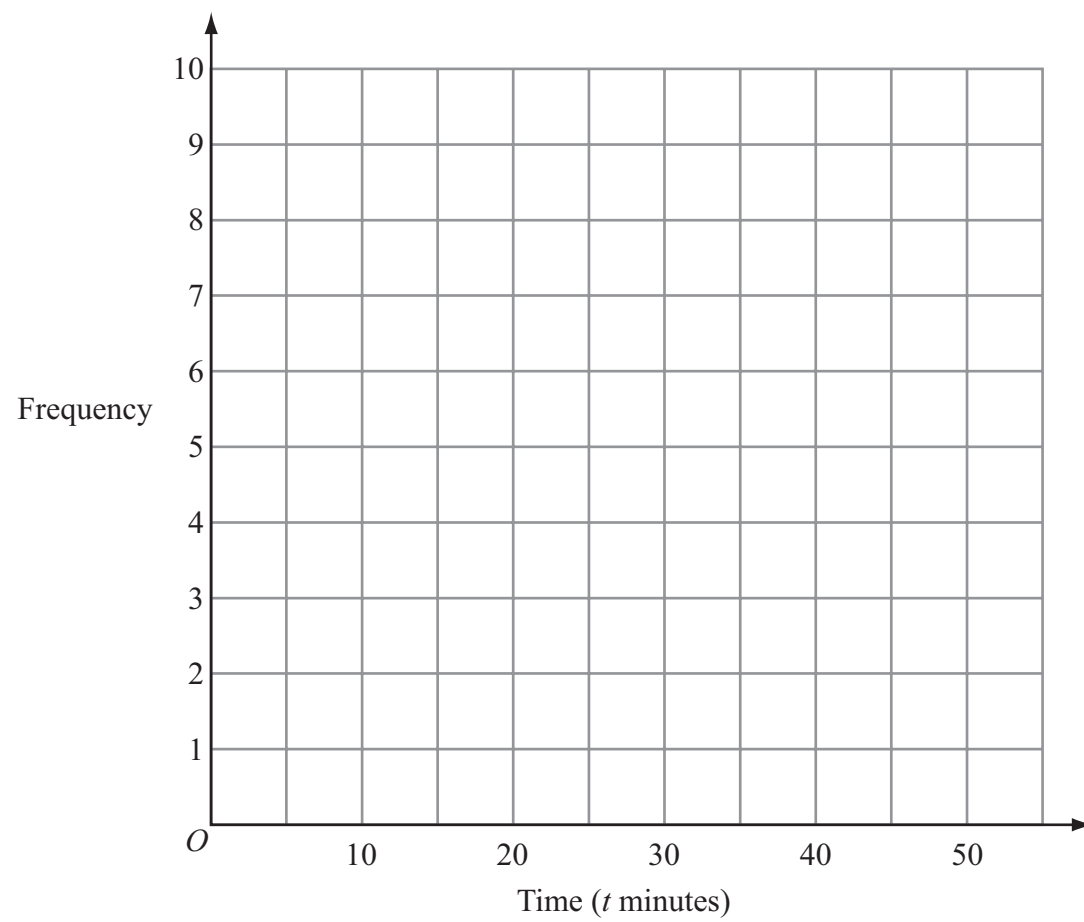


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6. 30 students took a test.
The table shows information about how long it took them to complete the test.

Time (t minutes)	Frequency
$0 < t \leq 10$	5
$10 < t \leq 20$	7
$20 < t \leq 30$	8
$30 < t \leq 40$	6
$40 < t \leq 50$	4

- (a) On the grid, draw a frequency polygon for this information.



(2)

- (b) Write down the modal class interval.

.....

(1)

(Total 3 marks)

Q6

7



Turn over

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7. (a) Work out $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{4}$

Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....
(2)

(b) Work out $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5}$

.....
(2)

(c) Work out 423×12

You **must** show **all** your working.

.....
(3)

(Total 7 marks)

Q7



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8. Simon wants to find out how much people spend using their mobile phone.

He uses this question on a questionnaire.

How much do you spend using your mobile phone?		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
£1-£5	£5-£10	£10-£15

(a) Write down **two** things that are wrong with this question.

1

.....

2

.....

(2)

(b) Design a better question for his questionnaire to find out how much people spend using their mobile phone.

You should include some response boxes.

(2)

Q8

(Total 4 marks)



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9. (a) A solid cube has sides of length 5 cm.

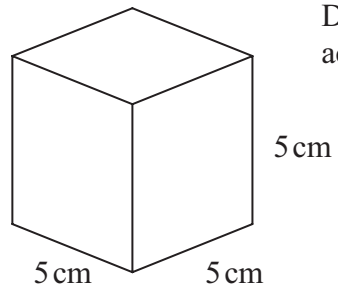


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the total surface area of the cube.
State the units of your answer.

.....
(4)

The volume of the cube is 125 cm^3 .

(b) Change 125 cm^3 into mm^3 .

..... mm^3
(2)

The weight of the cube is 87 grams, correct to the nearest gram.

(c) (i) What is the minimum the weight could be?

..... grams

(ii) What is the maximum the weight could be?

..... grams
(2)

(Total 8 marks)

Q9



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10. (a) Simplify $3a + 4c - a + 3c$

.....
(2)

(b) Expand $y(2y - 3)$

.....
(1)

(c) Factorise $x^2 - 4x$

.....
(2)

(d) Expand and simplify $2(x + 3) + 3(2x - 1)$

.....
(2)

(e) Solve $3(x + 2) = 8$

$x =$
(2)

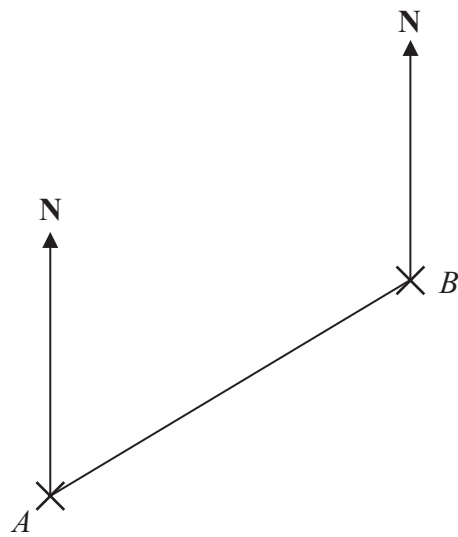
(Total 9 marks)

Q10



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11. The diagram shows the positions of two telephone masts, A and B , on a map.



(a) Measure the bearing of B from A .

.....^o
(1)

Another mast C is on a bearing of 160° from B .
On the map, C is 4 cm from B .

(b) Mark the position of C with a cross (\times) and label it C .

(2)

Q11

(Total 3 marks)



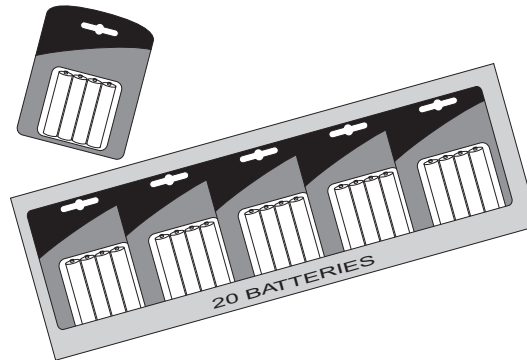
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12. Batteries are sold in packets and boxes.

Each packet contains 4 batteries.
Each box contains 20 batteries.

Bill buys p packets of batteries
and b boxes of batteries.
Bill buys a total of N batteries.

Write down a formula for N in
terms of p and b .



.....
(Total 3 marks)

Q12

13. (a) Write in standard form 213 000

.....
(1)

(b) Write in standard form 0.00123

.....
(1)

(Total 2 marks)

Q13

14. (a) Write down the value of 5^0

.....
(1)

(b) Write down the value of 2^{-1}

.....
(1)

(Total 2 marks)

Q14

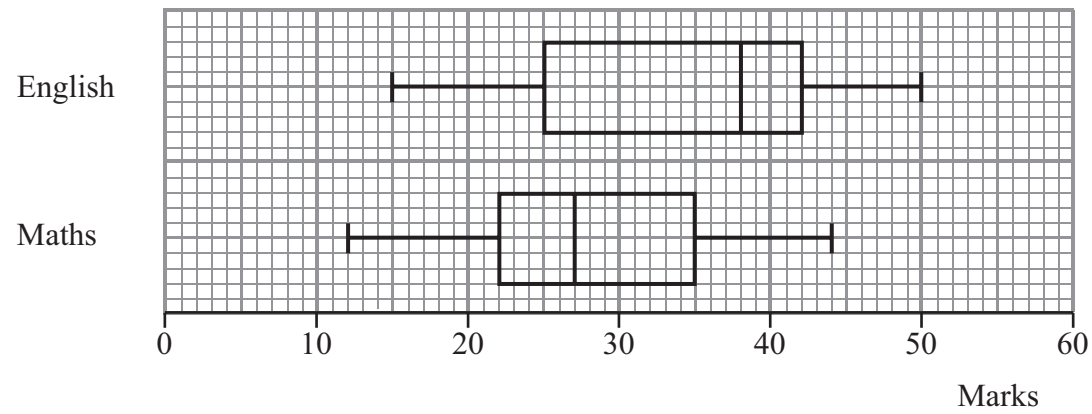


<p>15. k is an integer such that $-1 \leq k < 3$</p> <p>(a) List all the possible values of k.</p> <p>.....</p> <p>(2)</p> <p>(b) Solve the inequality $6y \geq y + 10$</p> <p>.....</p> <p>(2)</p> <p>(Total 4 marks)</p>	<p>Leave blank</p> <p>Q15</p> <input type="text"/>
<p>16. Make q the subject of the formula $5(q + p) = 4 + 8p$</p> <p>Give your answer in its simplest form.</p> <p>$q =$</p> <p>(Total 3 marks)</p>	<p>Q16</p> <input type="text"/>



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17. The box plots show the distribution of marks in an English test and in a Maths test for a group of students.



(a) What is the highest mark in the English test?

.....
(1)

(b) Compare the distributions of the marks in the English test and marks in the Maths test.

1

.....

2

.....

(2)

Q17

(Total 3 marks)



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18.

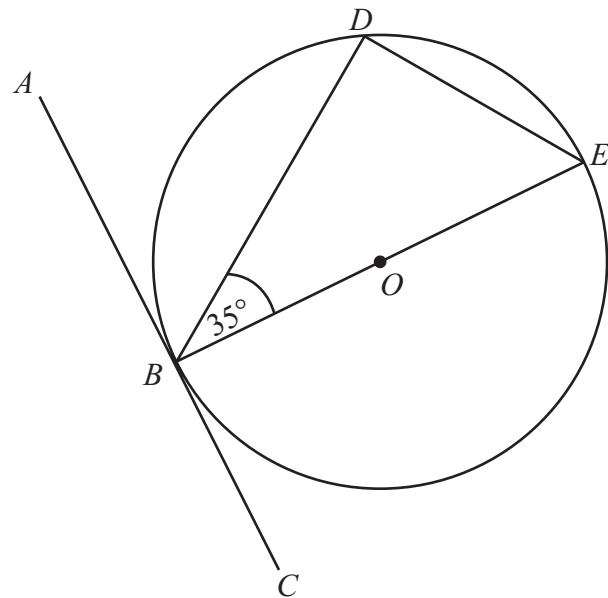


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

B, D and E are points on a circle centre O .
 ABC is a tangent to the circle.
 BE is a diameter of the circle.
Angle $DBE = 35^\circ$.

- (a) Find the size of angle ABD .
Give a reason for your answer.

.....^o
(2)

- (b) Find the size of angle DEB .
Give a reason for your answer.

.....^o
(2)

Q18

(Total 4 marks)



20. Solve the simultaneous equations

$$4x + y = -1$$

$$4x - 3y = 7$$

$$x = \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots$$

(Total 3 marks)

Leave blank

Q20

21. Work out $(2 + \sqrt{3})(2 - \sqrt{3})$

Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....

(Total 2 marks)

Q21



22.

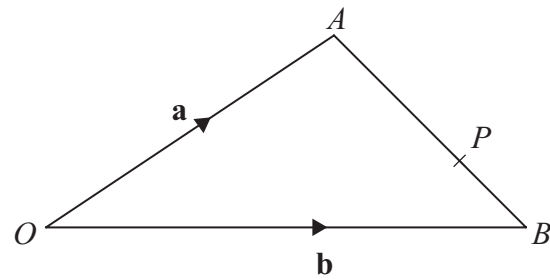


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

OAB is a triangle.

$$\vec{OA} = \mathbf{a}, \quad \vec{OB} = \mathbf{b}$$

(a) Find the vector \vec{AB} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

$$\vec{AB} = \dots\dots\dots \quad (1)$$

P is the point on AB so that $AP : PB = 2 : 1$

(b) Find the vector \vec{OP} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .
Give your answer in its simplest form.

$$\vec{OP} = \dots\dots\dots \quad (3)$$

(Total 4 marks)

Q22



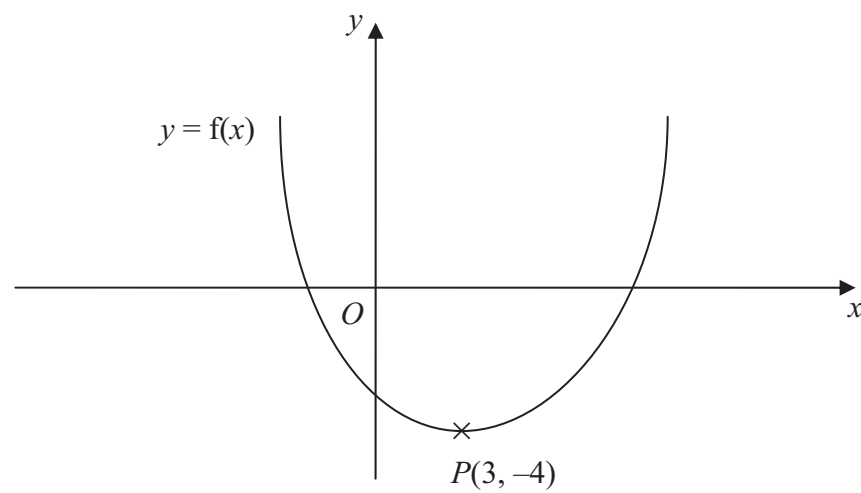
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23. Prove that the recurring decimal $0.\dot{3}\dot{6} = \frac{4}{11}$

Q23

(Total 3 marks)

24. This is a sketch of the curve with the equation $y = f(x)$.
The only minimum point of the curve is at $P(3, -4)$.



(a) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with the equation $y = f(x - 2)$

(.....,)
(2)

(b) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with the equation $y = f(x + 5) + 6$

(.....,)
(2)

Q24

(Total 4 marks)



25. Prove, using algebra, that the sum of two consecutive whole numbers is always an odd number.

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Q25

(Total 3 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS

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